zencontrol Docs

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Contents

MQTT Documentation

Overview

MQTT integration is designed to allow for flexible and realtime ingestion of DALI ECD and ECG analytics. A controller is configured to point at a MQTT broker with appropriate certification to allow communication between endpoints. To ensure secure communication between endpoints, TLS v1.2 is used to provide encryption throughout data transport.

To enable the MQTT integration module for zencontrol MQTT integration, contact the zencontrol support team for licensing information.

Supported Devices

Below is a list of supported controllers for MQTT integration:

1. Application Controller Pro
2. Field Controller
3. ACx3 Pro

Setup

To setup a control system to use MQTT it's required to setup a device and change from the default parameters. To do such, a user must configure the control system settings through cloud.zencontrol.com.

Cloud

All controller settings are modified through the use of cloud.zencontrol.com.

Changing MQTT Settings

1. Navigate to cloud.zencontrol.com
2. Open your site
3. `Dashboard` -> `Gridview`
4. On the top navigation menu, click on `Add-ons`
5. On the `Add-ons` navigation menu click on `MQTT`
6. Find your controller and modify settings

Adding Keys & Certificates

1. Navigate to cloud.zencontrol.com
2. Open your site
3. `Dashboard` -> `Gridview`
4. On the top navigation menu, click on `Site`
5. On the `Site` navigation menu go to `Key store`
6. On the line that says `+` double click on the `label` cell and a label for your key/certificate
7. Double click the `Upload` cell and upload your site key(s)
   - *Note: Currently only PEM is x509 is supported*
8. You certificate/key is now uploaded to the site Key Store

Server IP & Port

Option	Default	Optional
Server IP	0.0.0.0	Required
Server Port	1883	Required

The target server IP and Port of the MQTT broker.

Note: When using TLS it's recommended to use a port other than 1883, most brokers recommend to use port 8883, however, this will depend on the deployment setup for the target MQTT broker

Username & Password

Option	Default	Optional
Username	No Default	Required
Password	No Default	Required

Usernames and passwords may be required to connect to a server and can be set through the cloud. If unused, any value will suffice to allow for connection.

Modes

Option	Default	Optional
Mode	Normal	Required

There are currently two supported operating modes for MQTT, Normal and single-endpoint. Normal operating mode splits topic up based on the data being reported, whereas Single-Endpoint targets a single topic with payload descriptors.

TLS

Option	Default	Optional
CA	Not Defined	Required
Enable SSL	True	Required

See before modifying this setting *Adding Keys & Certificates* for a guide on how to add keys to your sites key store. Any keys within the key store will be selectable from the cell dropdown.

To enable TLS, a Certificate Authority Certificate must be uploaded and configured on cloud.zencontrol.com. If an invalid Certificate is uploaded, the device will fail to authenticate and will be unable to connect until a valid certificate is uploaded.

Not Recommended: TLS Can be disabled by setting `Enable SSL = False`.

Base Topic

The base topic of the device will publish with the following definition:

    zencontrol/{schema_version}/{serial}_{EAN}

Example:

    zencontrol/v1/06571626575E_000000000007A6BB

Topics

When sending telemetry to the MQTT Broker in normal operation, the control system will follow a publish string standard split into 5 main sections. Single-Endpoint only publishes to the one topic. Much like the control system, the device being described is identified through the topic using their GTIN, Serial and Logical Index. This is done to ensure uniqueness on every topic, and maintain concurrency through multiple sessions where DALI Identifying information could change, such as DALI Address.

ID Example:

```
{device_GTIN}_{device_serial}_{logical_index}
```

In use:

```
zencontrol/v1/06571626575E_000000000007A6BB/ecd/065716265220_0000000000000006_00
```

Controller

Details pertaining to the controller

```
'{base_topic}/{message_type}'
```

```
'zencontrol/v1/06571626575E_000000000007A6BB/profile'
```

Supported Messages:

- Description
- Error
- Profile

Group

Information regarding the status of groups

```
'{base_topic}/group/{group_id}/{message_type}'
```

```
'zencontrol/v1/06571626575E_000000000007A6BB/group/0/'
```

Supported Messages:

- Group Description
- Level
- Occupied
- Error

ECG

Information/details pertaining to Electronic Control Gears

```
'{base_topic}/ecg/{id}{message_type}'
```

```
'zencontrol/v1/06571626575E_000000000007A6BB/ecg/012345678910_0000000000000001_00/'
```

Supported Messages:

- Description
- Level Configuration

- Level

- Scene

- Group

- Fade

- Error

ECD

Information/details pertaining to Electronic Control Devices

> `'{base_topic}/ecd/{id}/{message_type}'`

> `'zencontrol/v1/06571626575E_000000000007A6BB/ecd/012345678910_0000000000000001_00/'`

Supported Messages:

- Description

- Lux

- Lux Configuration

- Motion Configuration

- Motion

- Absolute Button

- Button

- Error

Messages

- Non Specific telemetry information from the controller*

> `'{base_topic}/messages/{message_type}'`

> `'zencontrol/v1/06571626575E_000000000007A6BB/messages/outbound'`

Single-Endpoint

Single-Endpoint publish topic.

> `'{base_topic}/messages/outbound'`

> `'zencontrol/v1/06571626575E_000000000007A6BB/messages/outbound'`

Outbound Messages

Telemetry sent to the MQTT broker is sent using JSON. All messages will contain a session ID that changes on every initial connection to the broker. Below is an example JSON block sent to the broker.

```
{
    "session_id": 123,

    "{variable_1}": "xyz",
    "{variable_2}": "abc",

    ...
}
```

Payloads

Description

The description message type is used to describe the device currently sitting on the topic.

Payload Topic *Controller*

```
{base_topic}
```

ECG, ECD

```
{base_topic}/ecg/{device}

{base_topic}/ecd/{device}
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "id": {device_id: string},
    "label": {device_label: string},
    "type": {device_type: int},
    "dali_address": {device_dali_address: int},
    "serial_number": [{device_serial_number: string}],
    "firmware_v_maj": {device_firmware_major_version: int},
    "firmware_v_min": {device_firmware_minor_version: int},
    "device_id": {device_id: int},
    "EAN": [{device_EAN: string}]
}
```

Payload Variables

Name	Type	Description
`id`	string	Device ID
`label`	string	Current Device Label
`type`	string	Device Type
`dali_address`	int	Current DALI Address of the device
`serial_number`	string	Hex string of serial number
`firmware_v_maj`	int	Device Firmware Major Version
`firmware_v_min`	int	Device Firmware Minor Version
`device_id`	int	Device ID for logical index
`EAN`	string	Hex string of ean

Payload Definitions

Variable	Value	Meaning
`type`	0	Control Gear
`type`	1	Control Device

Level Configuration

Provides information to describe current level settings of the device

Payload Topic

```
{base_topic}/ecg/{device}/level
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "max": {arc_max: int},
    "min": {arc_min: int},
    "last_heard": {last_heard_scene: int}
}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description
`max`	int	Max ARC Level
`min`	int	Min ARC Level
`last_heard`	int	Last heard scene

Level

Provides information to describe the current lighting level of the device.

Payload Topic

```
{base_topic}/ecg/{device}/level/value
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "arc": {arc: int}
}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description
arc	int	Current arc level

Scene

Provides information to describe the scene settings of device.

Payload Topic

```
{base_topic}/ecg/{device}/scene
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "scenes": [
        {
            "number": {scene_number},
            "arc": {scene_arc},
            "temp": {scene_temperature}
        },

        {
            "number": {scene_number},
            "arc": {scene_arc},
            "temp": {scene_temperature}
        },

        ...
    ]
}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description
scenes	list	List of scene information
scenes[n].number	int	Scene Number
scenes[n].arc	int	Scene ARC level
scenes[n].Temperature	int	Scene temperature value

Group

Provides group membership information of device

Payload Topic

```
{base_topic}/ecg/{device}/group
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},
    "membership": [{group_0}, {group_1}, {group_[n]}, ... {group_15}]
}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description
membership	list	List of group membership status
membership[n]	int	Current status of membership for group (0 or 1)

Fade

Information used to describe a DALI-2 Fade.

Payload Topic

```
{base_topic}/ecg/{device}/fade
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "fade_time": {fade_time: int},
    "fade_rate": {fade_rate: int},
    "number_of_steps": {number_of_steps: int},
    "dimming_curve": {dimming_curve_type: int}
}
```

Payload Variables

Name	Type	Description
fade_time	int	DALI-2 Fade Time
fade_rate	int	DALI-2 Fade Rate
number_of_steps	int	DALI-2 Fade Steps
dimming_curve	int	Current dimming curve in use

Payload Definitions

Variable	Value	Meaning
Dimming Curve	0	Linear Curve
Dimming Curve	1	Log Curve

Error

Provides information to describe an error state reported by the control module or device being reported on.

Payload Topic The payload topic for errors is slightly different to most other topics. As each error is an individual point, the error message is used as part of the topic string.

```
{base_topic}/{type}/{device}/error/{error_message}/
```

Error Type	Topic	Description (When error_value set)
Short Address Mask	"short_address_is_mask"	Device has MASK (0xFF) as short address
Received Trash	"received_trash"	Controller has received trash
Communication Error	"communication_error"	Device is in communication error
No Space	"no_space"	No space for device
Device Not Recognised	"device_not_recognised"	Device can't be recognised on controller
Device Not Supported	"device_not_supported"	Device isn't supported on controller
Battery Duration Failure	"battery_duration_failure"	Device has failed duration test
Battery Failure	"battery_failure"	Battery Failure Status
Emergency Lamp Failure	"emergency_lamp_failure"	Device has reported emergency lamp failure
Function Test Delay Exceeded	"func-tion_test_delay_exceeded"	DALI test delay has been exceeded (device couldn't start function test)
Duration Test Delay Exceeded	"dura-tion_test_delay_exceeded"	DALI test delay has been exceeded (device couldn't start duration test)
Function Test Failure	"function_test_failure"	Device failed function test
Duration Test Failure	"duration_test_failure"	Device failed duration test
Input Device Error	"input_device_error"	Generic control device input error
Internal Error	"internal_error"	Generic Internal error
ECG Failure	"ecg_failure"	Control Gear has reported failure
Switch Stuck	"switch_stuck"	Device is continuously reporting switch status
Lamp Failure	"lamp_failure"	Device is reporting lamp failure

examples:

```
{base_topic}/ecg/{device}/error/communication_error/

{base_topic}/ecd/{device}/error/communication_error/

{base_topic}/em/{device}/error/battery_duration_failure/
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "error_type": {error_type: int},
    "error_message": {error_message: int},
    "error_value": {error_value: int}
}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description
error_type	int	Raw error type value
error_message	string	Error Message
error_value	int	Error value reported (Usually 0 for cleared or 1 for set)

Payload Definitions

Variable	Value	Meaning
`error_type`	0	No Description
`error_type`	1	Short Address Is Mask
`error_type`	2	Received Trash
`error_type`	3	Communication Error
`error_type`	4	No Space
`error_type`	5	Device Not Recognised
`error_type`	6	Device Not Supported
`error_type`	7	Battery Duration Failure
`error_type`	8	Battery Failure
`error_type`	9	Emergency Lamp Failure
`error_type`	10	Function Test Delay Exceeded
`error_type`	11	Duration Test Delay Exceeded
`error_type`	12	Function Test Failure
`error_type`	13	Duration Test Failure
`error_type`	14	Input Device Error
`error_type`	15	Application Controller Error
`error_type`	16	Control Gear Failure
`error_type`	17	Switch Stuck
`error_type`	18	Lamp Failure

Lux Configuration

Provides information to describe the current lux configuration of the device.

Payload Topic

```
{base_topic}/ecd/{device}/lux
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "measure_period": {measurement_period: int},
    "update_interval": {update_interval: int},
    "units": {units: string},

}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description
`measurement_period`	int	Measurement interval of device
`update_interval`	int	Reported update interval of device (0 for on change)
`units`	string	Units reported

Lux

Provides information to describe the current lux level of the device.

Payload Topic

```
{base_topic}/ecd/{device}/lux/value
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "value": {lux_level: int},
    "instance": {instance_number: int}
}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description
value	int	Current lux level
instance	int	Instance number reported (if available)

Motion Configuration

Provides information to describe the current motion/occupancy configuration of the device.

Payload Topic

```
{base_topic}/ecd/{device}/motion
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "measure_period": {measurement_period: int},
    "update_interval": {update_interval: int},
    "units": {units: string},

}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description
measurement_period	int	Measurement interval of device
update_interval	int	Reported update interval of device (0 for on change)
units	string	Units reported

Motion

Provides information to describe the current motion status (occupancy) the device.

Payload Topic

```
{base_topic}/ecd/{device}/motion/value
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "value": {motion_value: int},
    "instance": {instance_number: int}

}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description
value	int	Current motion/occupancy status
instance	int	Instance number reported (if available)

Button

Provides information to describe the current button press state of the device.

Payload Topic

```
{base_topic}/ecd/{device}/button
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "press_type": {press_type: int},
    "instance": {instance_number: int}
}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description
press_type	int	Press Type
instance	int	Instance number reported (if available)

Payload Definitions

Variable	Value	Meaning
press_type	1	Short Press
press_type	2	Long Press

Absolute Button

Provides information to describe the current button press state of the device.

Payload Topic

```
{base_topic}/ecd/{device}/absolute_button
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "abs_value": {press_type: int},
    "instance": {instance_number: int}
}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description
`abs_value`	int	Absolute button value
`instance`	int	Instance number reported (if available)

Group Description

Provides information to describe a group.

Payload Topic

```
{base_topic}/group/{group_id}
```

Payload JSON

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "label": {group_label: int},
    "id": {group_id: int}
}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description
`label`	string	Group label
`id`	int	Group ID

Beacon Transmitter Configuration

Provides information to describe beacon configuration for device. Payloads frames are separated into iBeacon and Eddystone frames depending on the beacon type.

Version Requirement

```
>= v1.7.7
```

Payload Topic

```
{base_topic}/beacon/{device_id}/transmitter/{beacon_id}
```

iBeacon Payload

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "type": {beacon_type: int},
    "interval": {transmit_interval: int},
    "tx_power": {tx_power: int},
    "ibeacon_frame": {
        "proximity_uuid": {ibeacon_uuid: int list [0:15]},
        "major": {ibeacon_major: int list [0:1]},
        "minor": {ibeacon_minor: int list [0:1]}
    }
}
```

Eddystone Payload

```
{
    "session_id": {session_id: int},

    "type": {beacon_type: int},
    "interval": {transmit_interval: int},
    "tx_power": {tx_power: int},
    "eddystone_frame": {
        "namespace": {namespace: int list [0:9]},
        "instance": {instance: int list [0:5]},
    }
}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description
type	int	Type of beacon
interval	int	Beacon interval in ms
tx_power	int	Transmit power level of beacon (Gain)
eddystone_frame.namespace	list	Byte list for Eddystone namespace (10 bytes)
eddystone_frame.instance	list	Byte list for Eddystone instance (6 bytes)
ibeacon_frame.proximity_uuid	list	Byte list for iBeacon proximity UUID (16 bytes)
ibeacon_frame.major	list	Byte list for iBeacon major (2 bytes)
ibeacon_frame.minor	list	Byte list for iBeacon minor (2 bytes)

Payload Definitions

Variable	Value	Meaning
type	0	Beacon Disabled
type	1	Beacon zencontrol Discoverable
type	2	iBeacon
type	3	Eddystone
tx_power	0	0dBm Gain
tx_power	1	0dBm Gain
tx_power	2	3dBm Gain
tx_power	3	3dBm Gain
tx_power	4	4dBm Gain
tx_power	5	4dBm Gain
tx_power	6	4dBm Gain
tx_power	7	4dBm Gain
tx_power	8	4dBm Gain

Devicebound Messages

Telemetry can be sent to the control module publishing to the devicebound topic. On Successful ingestion of a command, a command response will be published with a response for the given commands. Some commands have optional values, that can be omitted, furthermore, sanitisation of min and max values will be applied to certain values.

Devicebound Topic:

```
{base_topic}/messages/devicebound
```

Devicebound Payloads

Each message is categorised by the target, type, ID and request ID and may contain multiple messages to the same target. The request ID is a random value sent to the device to identify messages sent, the same request ID is sent on a message response.

Example Payload:

```
{
    "id": {target_device:int},
    "rid": {request_id:int},
    "target": {target_type:int},

    "{command_1}": {command_payload:JSON Object},
    "{command_n}": {command_payload:JSON Object},
    ...
}
```

For ECD and ECG commands, the "id" refers to the DALI Address of the device. For Beacon commands, the "id" refers to the device_id of the target beacon as beacons can be shared across multiple logical indexes.

Payload Definitions:

Variable	Value	Meaning
target	0	Control Module
target	1	Unused
target	2	ECG
target	3	ECG Group
target	4	ECD
target	5	ECD Group
target	6	Beacon

Level

Changes the current ARC and or Temperature level values of device(s). Values committed are ignored in the command, for example, if temperature isn't set, no temperature change is made. The level command conforms to DALI-2 Standards, therefore, if a temperature and arc change with a fade is set, only the arc level is faded.

Payload JSON

```
{
    "level": {
        "arc": {arc_level:int},
        "fade_time": {fade_time_ms:int},
        "temp": {temperature_kelvin:int}
```

```
    }
}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description	Required	Min/Max
arc	int	Target ARC level	False	0/255
fade_time	int	Target fade time in milliseconds	False	1000/65000
temp	int	Target temperature in kelvin	False	1-65000

Membership

Changes the current membership status of target device(s).

Payload JSON

```
{
    "membership": {
        "scenes": [{membership_0:int},{membership_1:int}, ... {membership_15:int}],
        "groups": [{membership_0:int},{membership_1:int}, ... {membership_15:int}]
    }
}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description	Required	Min/Max
groups[n]	int	Group Status	True	0/1
scenes[n]	int	Membership Status	True	0/1

Beacon Config

Changes beacon configuration for a device. Type is automatically changed when the appropriate inner frame is sent.

Version Requirement

```
>= v1.7.7
```

iBeacon Payload JSON

```
{
    "beacon_config": {
        "position": {beacon_position: int},
        "interval": {interval: int},
        "tx_power": {tx_power: int},
        "ibeacon": {
            "proximity_uuid": {ibeacon_uuid: int list [0:15]},
            "major": {ibeacon_major: int list [0:1]},
            "minor": {ibeacon_minor: int list [0:1]}
        }
    }
}
```

Eddystone Payload JSON

```json
{
    "beacon_config": {
        "position": {beacon_position: int},
        "interval": {interval: int},
        "tx_power": {tx_power: int},
        "eddystone": {
            "namespace": {namespace: int list [0:9]},
            "instance": {instance: int list [0:5]},
        }
    }
}
```

Payload Values

Name	Type	Description	Required	Min/Max
position	int	Beacon index (Beacon ID)	True	0/Number of beacons supported on device
interval	int	Transmit interval in ms	True	0/Max transmit time time for beacon type
tx_power	int	Transmit power (gain)	True	0/8
eddystone. namespace	list	Byte list for Eddystone namespace (10 bytes)	True (if Eddystone)	0/255 per index
eddystone. instance	list	Byte list for Eddystone instance (6 bytes)	True (if Eddystone)	0/255 per index
ibeacon. proximity_uuid	list	Byte list for iBeacon proxmity UUID (16 bytes)	True (if iBeacon)	0/255 per index
ibeacon.major	list	Byte list for iBeacon major (2 bytes)	True (if iBeacon)	0/255 per index
ibeacon.minor	list	Byte list for iBeacon minor (2 bytes)	True (if iBeacon)	0/255 per index

Payload Definitions

Variable	Value	Meaning
type	0	Beacon Disabled
type	1	Beacon zencontrol Discoverable
type	2	iBeacon
type	3	Eddystone
tx_power	0	0dBm Gain
tx_power	1	0dBm Gain
tx_power	2	3dBm Gain
tx_power	3	3dBm Gain
tx_power	4	4dBm Gain
tx_power	5	4dBm Gain
tx_power	6	4dBm Gain
tx_power	7	4dBm Gain
tx_power	8	4dBm Gain

Third Party Interface Documentation

TPI Overview

The Third Party Interface (TPI) is designed to allow third parties to integrate with a zencontrol controller using a UDP or RS485 protocol.

There are two versions of the TPI to consider.

1. **TPI** - this is the original/classic TPI. It can perform simple DALI commands, queries, scenes and also inhibit sensors from changing targets for a period of time.

2. **TPI Advanced** - this is the newer version which contains a superset of functionality including multicast-events, meta-data queries, DALI and DMX colour commands, and more.

Supported Devices

TPI

- Application Controller
- Room Controller

TPI Advanced

- Application Controller Pro
- Field Controller
- ACx3 Pro

Only controllers with RS485 terminals support TPI over Serial.

Licenses

Licenses, or "Add-Ons" can be obtained by emailing support. For more detailed instructions see How do I purchase control system upgrades? at https://support.zencontrol.com.

License	Description
TPI	The original TPI. Compatible with all controllers.
TPI Advanced	The newer super-set of TPI with additional features. Only compatible with Pro-series controllers.
TPI Serial	Enable RS485 serial support to TPI or TPI Advanced.

Note: Some TPI Advanced features rely on additional addons that aren't related to the TPI itself, Control4 and Virtual Switches (Virtual Instances) for example.

TPI & TPI Advanced over Stream-oriented Transports (RS232, RS485 and TCP)

Although the TPI is primarily targeted at UDP transport the majority of features are available over RS485 serial too.

The message contents and headers are the same over both transports although implementations will need to deal with stream-oriented semantics that aren't relevant when using UDP. All messages can have their length determined by reading the first few bytes of a message and this allows a developer to identify individual request messages in a stream of data.

TPI (Classic) Messages request frames are 7 bytes long and response frames are 3 bytes long.

TPI Advanced messages either have a fixed-length request frame format or for some sub-frame types a field in the request frame indicates the length of the frame in bytes. All TPI Advanced responses are variable length with a field indicating the frame length in bytes.

Serial Communication Parameters

The serial parameters are as follows for RS232 and RS485. Note that you must have a TPI Serial license to use TPI or TPI Advanced over serial.

Parameter	Value
Baud	19200
Bits per Byte	8
Parity	None
Stop Bits	1

> **Warning:** *TPI Events* aren't (yet) available over a serial connection.

TPI & TPI Advanced over UDP & TCP

The TPI is primarily designed to be used over UDP. UDP doesn't guarantee delivery (or order of delivery) however it's a simple and lightweight transport that also supports multicast.

Parameter	Value
TPI & TPI Advanced UDP/TCP Port	5108
TPI Events Multicast Address	239.255.90.67
TPI Events Multicast Port	6969

TPI Requests are to be submitted to the IP address of the controller, not to the multicast address. TCP isn't yet supported. There is currently a maximum of 5 concurrent TCP sessions.

Note: Although TPI (classic) is able to give responses to requests it may not always be clear if a response is related to the last request that was sent. TPI Advanced helps fix this issue by adding a `Sequence Number` that can be set for each request and included in the relevant response.

TPI (Classic)

TPI Classic documentation can be found at:

https://support.zencontrol.com/hc/en-us/article_attachments/360004332095/Application_Note-Ethernet_UDP_v8_25-05-20.pdf

The only difference that you should be aware of is that it's now possible to use TPI Classic over RS485 and RS232 if you have the TPI Serial license enabled. See *TPI & TPI Advanced over RS485 Serial*.

TPI Advanced

Frame Structures

Tip: The control byte for all TPI Advanced requests is **0x04**

TPI Advanced Header

The standard header for all TPI Advanced messages is 3 bytes long.

Control	Sequence Counter	Command
Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3

The bytes that come after this are more context dependent and are detailed in specific frame types.

Basic Request Frame

Most commands in TPI Advanced use the following a 8-byte structure as shown below. All first-generation TPI commands that have been ported to TPI Advanced use this structure, with the main difference simply being the addition of the Sequence Counter and a slightly different byte order.

Control	Sequence Counter	Command	Address	Data Hi	Data Mid	Data Lo	Checksum
Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7	Byte 8

Often the Data bytes are simply `0x00 0x00 0x00` except for commands that have more complex or lengthy input (eg. A number of seconds greater than 255) or have to use an `Address` to target that has a length greater than 8 bits (most IDs).

Control - This byte tells the controller what message schema to expect.

Sequence Counter - See *Sequence Counter Byte*.

Command - this byte specifies the specific command being requested.

Address - this byte specifies the address or target of the command. This may be a DALI address, (half) of an instance number, or something else relevant to the context of the command.

Data bytes (if required) - data bytes are used to supply extra information relevant to the command being requested. This can sometimes be used to specify an "instance" number which is too large to be specified in a single byte. If no data required just leave these bytes as 0x00.

Checksum - A CRC8 checksum is placed at the end of all messages. See *Calculating Checksums*.

DALI Colour Request Frame

The DALI Colour frame is used specifically for DALI Colour commands. The message is variable length depending on the colour type used.

Control	Sequence Counter	Command	Address	Arc Level	Colour Type	Colour Data	Checksum
Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Bytes 7 … n, n < 15	Last Byte

Control - This byte tells the controller what message schema to expect.

Sequence Counter - See *Sequence Counter Byte*.

Command - this byte specifies the specific command being requested. For the DALI Colour command this is `0x0E`.

Address - this byte specifies the address or target of the command.

Arc Level - The DALI arc-level for the colour to appear as.

Colour Type

- XY `0x10`

- TC `0x20`

- RGBWAF `0x80`

Colour Data - Depending on the `Colour Type` specify the values in bytes for each channel of the colour type.

- XY `[X Hi byte] [X Lo byte] [Y Hi byte] [Y Lo byte]`

- TC `[TC Hi byte] [TC Lo byte]`

- RGBWAF `[Red] [Green] [Blue] [White] [Amber] [Free colour]`

Checksum - A CRC8 checksum is placed at the end of all messages. See *Calculating Checksums*.

TPI Dynamic Subframe

This subframe type has a loose structure with dynamic length. The request data will be command specific.

TPI Advanced Header	Data Length	Data	Checksum
Header Bytes 1-3	Byte 4	Byte 5...n	Last Byte

Data Length - The number of bytes in `Data` section. This will vary based on the specific command.

Data - Freeform bytes, as documented for the specific command.

Checksum - A CRC8 checksum is placed at the end of all messages. See *Calculating Checksums*.

DMX Colour Request Frame

The DMX Colour frame is used specifically for DMX commands. This is a flexible way to create fade tasks and complex patterns across the entire 513 channel range.

TPI Advanced Header	Fade ID	Universe Mask	Start Channel	Stop Channel	Address Divisor
Header Bytes 1-3	Byte 4	Bytes 5-6	Bytes 7-8	Bytes 9-10	Byte 11

Block Mode	Personality Type	Fade Data	Fade Type A	Fade Type B	Data Length	Data	Check-sum
Byte 12	Byte 13	Bytes 14-18	Byte 19	Byte 20	Byte 21	Bytes 21 … n, n < 16	Last Byte

Note: The `Start Channel` and `Stop Channel` range represents a "closed bounded" interval. Eg. If you start at channel 1 and end at channel 3, then channel 1 and channel 3 will be affected by the command.

TPI Advanced Header - normal *TPI Advanced Header*

Fade ID - Give the fade an ID so that it can be referenced for cancellation or overwriting.

Universe Mask- The universe mask is 16 bits (two bytes). Use `0xFF 0xFF` for all, though `0x00 0x01` should work for all current single-universe products, including the ACX3 which has three singular universes. It's possible that future products may support multiple universes per controller.

Start Channel - The "start address" for the pattern being created in the DMX buffer. This is two bytes long. Use `0x00 0x01` for channel 1.

Stop Channel The "end address" for the pattern being created in the DMX buffer. Channel numbers are two bytes long. Use `0x02 0x01` for channel 513 (the 512th usable channel).

Address Divisor - The number to use to "divide" or skip channel numbers when applying the pattern. For example: `0x02` to select every 2nd channel in the range. This interacts with the pattern you express in your Data - for each channel in Data the value will be distributed to a channel indicated by the divisor.

Block Mode - How to apply the range described by the `Start Channel`, `Stop Channel`. Useful inverting a range with `DMX_BLOCK_DIFFERENCE`, however `DMX_BLOCK_INTERSECTION` is a good default.

Personality Type - How the fade levels values should be handled. 8bit, 16bit, little endian, big endian, etc. `PERSONALITY_DIM_8BIT 0x00` is default.

Fade Data - 32 bits of space for basic fade data. Fade times in milliseconds can be up to 24bits long (16777216ms, 16777 seconds, 279 minutes).

- Byte 1: Fade Mode. `0x00` is Fade Time mode. `0x01` is Fade rate mode (not yet implemented) and the value for this will go in bytes 2 - 4.

- Byte 2: Fade Time Hi.

- Byte 3: Fade Time Mid.

- Byte 4: Fade Time Lo.

Fade Type A - A fade type. `0x01` Linear Fade is only supported.

Fade Type B - A fade type. Use `0x00` for no fade. Combining fades/sequencing not yet supported.

Data Length - The number of levels that are to be applied over the range. Currently a max of 16.

Data - Up to 16 levels can be used to represent a pattern to be applied over the range. This is useful if your DMX fixtures have channels arranged in an order such as Red, Green, Blue - you can set all three channels at the same time.

Checksum - A CRC8 checksum is placed at the end of all messages. See *Calculating Checksums*.

TPI Advanced Response Frame

For all TPI Advanced requests, a single frame format is used in response. This frame format is variable length. Examples of responses can be found in *TPI Advanced Examples*.

Response Type	Sequence Counter	Data Length	Data	Checksum
Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3.	Bytes 4…n (Optional)	Last Byte

Note: `Data Length` many be 0. In this case there will be no `Data` bytes. Checksum will be in the position of `Data` and the entire frame will be 4 bytes long.

Response Type	Value	Description
OK	0xA0	The request was processed with no problems.
ANSWER	0xA1	The request was processed and an answer is in `Data`.
NO_ANSWER	0xA2	The request was processed, but there is no answer. Not necessarily an error.
ERROR	0xA3	An error occurred while processing. Check `Data` if there is any. See *Reply Bytes*)

Sequence Counter - See *Sequence Counter Byte*.

Data Length - The length of Data to expect.

Data - If you have an error the Error Code is likely to be here if `Data Length` > 0. See *Error Codes* for more information. When the response isn't an error you will typically find values related to the specific request (eg. bytes representing a text label).

Checksum - A CRC8 checksum is placed at the end of all messages. See *Calculating Checksums*.

TPI Event Multicast Frame

TPI Events are sent by the controller to IGMP Multicast groups so that 3rd party systems on the network can be notified via UDP multicast when events such as button presses occur.

The multicast IPv4 address is **239.255.90.67**. The port is **6969 on UDP**.

Header	Controller MAC Address	Target	Event Type	Data Length	Data	Check-sum
Bytes 1-2 ("ZC")	Bytes 3-8	Bytes 9-11	Byte 12	Byte 13	Bytes 14 … n (optional)	Last Byte

Header: Always `[0x5A, 0x43]`. ASCII characters `ZC`.

Controller MAC: this is the MAC address of the controller. Some multicast clients don't have APIs that allow the sender MAC to be accessed from context so it must be included in every instance message.

Target: this is the context-specific number. Typically something like a DALI Address.

Event Type: the type of event. This determines the context of the Target and the Message Data. See *TPI Event Types* for event type information.

Data Length: indicates the type of event message.

Data: variable length data, possibly 0 bytes but up to 48. First byte may be an instance number (if applicable).

Checksum - A CRC8 checksum is placed at the end of all messages. See *Calculating Checksums*.

Tip: Event multicast must be enabled on controller start-up. It can also be disabled at any time using the `ENABLE_TPI_EVENT_EMIT_CMD`. If the Control4 add-on has been purchased and enabled you can be notified via the Control4 SDDP multicast when a controller starts.

Example event messages:

- *Button Press Event*
- *Occupancy Detection Event*
- *Colour Change Event*
- *DALI Level Change Event*
- *Controller Profile Change Event*

The Sequence Counter Byte

A sequence counter value allows application developers to easily match requests with responses. This allows detection and handling for out-of-order responses and lost responses.

The sequence counter value doesn't change any logic within the controller. This feature can be ignored by using a constant value (eg. `0x00`) but this isn't recommended. Using the sequence number can improve error handling with minimal effort.

Put simply, if a **request** is sent with `0xBE` as the `Seq. Num` byte expect a **response** with `0xBE` as the `Seq. Num`. If sequence numbers between a request and response don't match then:

- Response may just arrive out of order. (Possible due to UDP)

- Or, the response datagram was lost. (Also possible due to UDP)

Calculating Checksums

This can be calculated by XOR-ing together all preceding bytes of the message (excluding the checksum byte itself). Message integrity can be checked XOR-ing together all bytes of a message (including the checksum byte) and the value should be 0.

The following is an example given in Python.

```python
# This calculates the checksum byte for a label query.
>>> checksum = 0x04 ^ 0x00 ^ 0x01 ^ 0x0A ^ 0x00 ^ 0x00 ^ 0x00
>>> print(checksum)
15 # 15 == 0x0F

# There are two methods for checking a checksum that might suit you.

# Method 1: Calculate the checksum, excluding the given checksum in the last byte, then compare to
→the last byte.
>>> packet = [0x04, 0x00, 0x01, 0x0A, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x0F]
>>> given_checksum = packet[-1]
>>> acc = 0x00
>>> for d in packet[:-1]: # All elements except for the last, which is the given checksum.
>>>     acc = d ^ acc
>>>
>>> print(f"Checksum is valid: { acc == given_checksum}")
Checksum is valid: True

# Method 2: XOR all elements including the checksum, if the result is 0 the checksum should be valid
→(assuming packet length <64).
>>> from functools import reduce
>>> checksum = reduce(lambda x, y: x ^ y, packet) # xor every element of the packet together.
>>> print(f"Checksum is valid: { 0 == checksum }")
Checksum is valid: True
```

Error Codes

Error	Value	Description
ERROR_CHECKSUM	0x01	The checksum check failed.
ER-ROR_SHORT_CIRCUIT	0x02	A short on the DALI line was detected. This prevents DALI commands from being sent by the controller
ER-ROR_RECEIVE_ERROR	0x03	A receive error occurred
ER-ROR_UNKNOWN_CMD	0x04	The command in the request is unrecognised
ER-ROR_PAID_FEATURE	0xB0	The command requested relies on a paid feature that hasn't been purchased or isn't enabled
ER-ROR_INVALID_ARGS	0xB1	Invalid arguments supplied for the given command in the re quest
ER-ROR_CMD_REFUSED	0xB2	The command couldn't be processed
ER-ROR_QUEUE_FAILURE	0xB3	The queue or buffer that's required to process the command in the request is full or broken
ER-ROR_RESPONSE_UNAVAIL	0xB4	The command in the request may stream multiple responses back, but this feature isn't available for some reason
ER-ROR_OTHER_DALI_ERROR	0xB5	The DALI related request couldn't be processed due to an error
ERROR_MAX_LIMIT	0xB6	There are an insufficient number of the required resource remaining service the request
ER-ROR_UNEXPECTED_RESULT	0xB7	An unexpected result occurred.
ER-ROR_UNKNOWN_TARGET	0xB8	Device doesn't exist

DALI Addressing

The DALI addressing scheme used in TPI Advanced isn't "raw" DALI addressing. The table below describes how targeting of DALI commands are performed. For TPI lighting commands, the user can use either of the broadcast values (127 was the original TPI designation, 255 is the advanced TPI broadcast value).

Target Type	Range	-
DALI External Control Gear	0 - 63	DALI short addresses.
DALI Groups	64 - 80	Groups are 64 + Group Number. Eg. Group 1 is address 65.
Dali Broadcast	127 or 255	Broadcast (for lighting commands only)
DALI External Control Devices	64 - 128	These are logically offset from the ECGs by 64.

Note: Please note that commands that are not causing DALI commands to be sent out will generally NOT use this addressing scheme - particularly when the commands that operate only on a subset of the data (ie only the groups). For example, if there is a command to query the label for a group, the only possible values are 0-15 and therefore, 0-15 refers to group 0-15 for that command.

Note: When targeting DALI Instances you must know the address the instance is associated with **and** the instance number. Typically the instance number (or scene number) goes in the *Basic Frame Type* `Data Lo` field.

Special Values

Instance Binary States

All the states in this table are aliased to either `LO` or `HI`. These are used when sending commands to an instance.

> **Warning:** Note that logical low and logical high are **not** 0 and 1.

State	Value	Description
UNKNOWN	**0x00**	State is unknown
LO	**0x01**	Logical **Low** state
HI	**0x02**	Logical **High** state
INSTANCE_SHORT_PRESS	HI	Button short-press
INSTANCE_LONG_PRESS	LO	Button long-press
INSTANCE_ON	HI	On state
INSTANCE_OFF	LO	Off state
INSTANCE_OCCUPIED	HI	A sensor indicates that the area is occupied
INSTANCE_UNOCCUPIED	LO	A sensor indicates that the area is unoccupied

Instance Types

These are returned from `QUERY_INSTANCES_BY_ADDRESS`. Instances are logical objects that represent input devices in DALI, and are part of later DALI standards such as IEC 62386-301 (push-button instances).

Type	Value	Description
PUSH_BUTTON	0x01	The instance type is a push button. Expect `INSTANCE_SHORT_PRESS` and `INSTANCE_LONG_PRESS` events from this instance.
ABSOLUTE_INPUT	0x02	The instance type is an absolute input (For example: a slider or dial). Expect an integer value from this instance.
OCCU-PANCY_SENSOR	0x03	The instance type is an occupancy sensor such as a motion sensor. Expect `INSTANCE_OCCUPIED` and `INSTANCE_UNOCCUPIED` events.
LIGHT_SENSOR	0x04	The instance type is a light sensor such as a motion sensor. Events not currently forwarded.
GEN-ERAL_PURPOSE_SENSOR	0x06	The instance type is a sensor such as a water flow or power sensor. Events not currently forwarded.

Instance Status & State Bitmasks

These come from the *QUERY_INSTANCES_BY_ADDRESS* command.

State Bits

State information is encoded into the 8 bits of a byte. These values are largely internal to the control system and not to be used by the user.

Not to be confused with *DALI Status Masks*.

Bit	Description
0 (LSB)	Is selected
1	Is_disabled
2	No Targets or has invalid target
3	Is soft disabled
4	Has System Variable Targets
5	Has database operations to do
6	-
7 (MSB)	-

Status Bits

Status information is encoded into the 8 bits of a byte.

Bit	Description
0 (LSB)	Instance Error
1	Instance Active
2	-
3	-
4	-
5	-
6	-
7 (MSB)	-

TPI Event Types

TPI Event types are found in *TPI Event multicast frames*. Data relating to the event can be found in the `Data` section of the frame. The target for the event can be found in the `Target` section of the frame.

Event	Value	Description
BUTTON_PRESS_EVENT	0x00	Button has been pressed
BUTTON_HOLD_EVENT	0x01	Button has been pressed and is being held down
ABSOLUTE_INPUT_EVENT	0x02	Absolute input has changed. Input value in `Data`
LEVEL_CHANGE_EVENT	0x03	Level on an Address target has changed. Level value `Data`
GROUP_LEVEL_CHANGE_EVENT	0x04	Level on a Group target has changed. Level value in `Data`
SCENE_CHANGE_EVENT	0x05	Scene has been recalled
IS_OCCUPIED	0x06	An occupancy sensor has been triggered, area is occupied. Boolean value in `Data`.
IS_UNOCCUPIED	0x07	An occupancy sensor vacancy event. (Not currently used)
COLOUR_CHANGED	0x08	A colour change has occurred.
PROFILE_CHANGED	0x09	The active profile on the controller has changed.

Note: More may be appended to this list in the future.

Instance Events

Events that are associated with DALI instances (eg. button presses) will have an instance number as the first byte of data.

TPI Event Modes

TPI Event queries may indicate the active modes in the response. Multiple modes can be active at once. Use bitwise logic and checks to set and inspect the modes.

Mode	Flag Value	Description
DISABLED	0x00	TPI Events won't be transmitted
ENABLED	0x01	TPI Events will be transmitted
DALI_EVENT_FILTERING	0x02	DALI TPI Event filters are active
ENABLE_UNICAST_MODE	0x40	Enable Unicast Mode
DISABLE_MULTICAST_MODE	0x80	Disable Multicast (enabled by default)

DMX Channel Block Types

Type	Value	Description
DMX_BLOCK_INTERSECTION	0x00	Perform a boolean intersection on the channel range indexes
DMX_BLOCK_DIFFERENCE	0x01	Perform a boolean difference on the channel range indexes

DMX Channel Personality Types

Type	Value	Description
PERSONALITY_DIM_8BIT	0x00	8 bit dimming
PERSONALITY_DIM_16BIT_BE	0x01	16 bit dimming, with values expressed as Big Endian. Not yet implemented.
PERSONALITY_DIM_16BIT_LE	0x02	16 bit dimming, with values expressed as Little Endian. Not yet implemented.

Note: 8 Bit dimming `0x00` is probably what you want in pretty much all cases. Some DMX fitting manufacturers will do their own smoothing between 8bit channel values.

DMX Channel Behaviour Masks

These describe whether a channel is expected to be an input or an output. It's possible for a channel to indicate both values (`0x03`) because these vales are bitwise masks.

Type	Value	Description
DMX_BEHAVIOUR_TRIGGER	0x01	A trigger is an input which may be used for DMX --> DALI or other things.
DMX_BEHAVIOUR_OUTPUT	0x02	DMX output channel.

DALI Status Masks

These are returned from *DALI_QUERY_CONTROL_GEAR_STATUS* for Control Gear.

Name	Value	Description
DALI_STATUS_CG_FAILURE	0x01	Control Gear Failure
DALI_STATUS_LAMP_FAILURE	0x02	Lamp Failure
DALI_STATUS_LAMP_POWER_ON	0x04	Power On
DALI_STATUS_LIMIT_ERROR	0x08	Limit error (an Arc-level > Max or < Min requested)
DALI_STATUS_FADE_RUNNING	0x10	A fade is running on the light
DALI_STATUS_RESET	0x20	Device has been reset
DALI_STATUS_MISSING_SHORT_ADDRESS	0x40	Device hasn't been assigned a short-address
DALI_STATUS_POWER_FAILURE	0x80	Power failure has occurred

DALI Control Gear Type Masks

Returns a 32bit number that encompasses all device types that the control device has. The assembly of the number is little endian.

For example, if we get back 0x02, 0x01, 0x00, 0x00, the 32 bit number would be 0x00000102, indicating that the device is an EMERGENCY and COLOUR CONTROL.

These mask values are returned from *DALI_QUERY_CG_TYPE*.

Name	Value	Device Type	Description
DALI_HW_FLUORESCENT	0x01	0	A fluorescent light
DALI_HW_EMERGENCY	0x02	1	An emergency light
DALI_HW_DISCHARGE	0x04	2	-
DALI_HW_HALOGEN	0x08	3	A halogen light
DALI_HW_INCANDESCENT	0x10	4	An incandescent light
DALI_HW_DC	0x20	5	Device uses DC power
DALI_HW_LED	0x40	6	A LED Light
DALI_HW_RELAY	0x80	7	A relay device
DALI_HW_COLOUR_CONTROL	0x100	8	Device has colour control/Type 8 capability
DALI_HW_LOAD_REFERENCING	0x8000	15	-
DALI_HW_THERMAL_GEAR_PROTECTION	0x10000	16	-
DALI_HW_DIMMING_CURVE_SELECTION	0x20000	17	-

Note: Some values are not yet documented.

Commands

All Commands are linked to examples.

Basic Commands

The request frame type varies from command to command, however most use the *Basic frame type*. All TPI Advanced commands reply with the *TPI Advanced Response* frame type.

Each Command has an associated example in *TPI Advanced Examples*.

The following commands all use the *Basic frame type*.

Command	Value	Description
QUERY_GROUP_LABEL	0x01	Query the label for a DALI Group by Group Number
QUERY_SCENE_LABEL	0x02	Query the label for a DALI Scene by Scene Number
QUERY_DALI_DEVICE_LABEL	0x03	Query the label for a DALI ECD or ECG by address
QUERY_PROFILE_LABEL	0x04	Query the label for a controller profile
QUERY_CURRENT_PROFILE_NUMBER	0x05	Query the current profile number
TRIGGER_SDDP_IDENTIFY	0x06	Trigger a Control4 SDDP Identify
QUERY_TPI_EVENT_EMIT_STATE	0x07	Query whether TPI Events are enabled or disabled
ENABLE_TPI_EVENT_EMIT	0x08	Enable or disable TPI Events
QUERY_GROUP_NUMBERS	0x09	Query the DALI Group numbers
QUERY_SCENE_NUMBERS	0x0A	Query the DALI Scene numbers
QUERY_PROFILE_NUMBERS	0x0B	Query all available Profile numbers
QUERY_OCCUPANCY_INSTANCE_TIMERS	0x0C	Query an occupancy instance for its timer values
QUERY_INSTANCES_BY_ADDRESS	0x0D	Query information of instances associated with an address
QUERY_GROUP_BY_NUMBER	0x12	Query DALI Group information by Group Number
QUERY_SCENE_BY_NUMBER	0x13	Query DALI Scene information by Scene Number
QUERY_SCENE_NUMBERS_BY_ADDRESS	0x14	Query for DALI Scenes an address has levels for
QUERY_GROUP_MEMBERSHIP_BY_ADDRESS	0x15	Query DALI Group membership by address
QUERY_DALI_ADDRESSES_WITH_INSTANCES	0x16	Query DALI addresses that have instances associated with them
QUERY_DMX_DEVICE_NUMBERS	0x17	Query DMX Device information
QUERY_DMX_DEVICE_BY_NUMBER	0x18	Query for DMX Device information by channel number
QUERY_DMX_LEVEL_BY_CHANNEL	0x19	Query DMX Channel value by Channel number
QUERY_SCENE_NUMBERS_FOR_GROUP	0x1A	Query Scene Numbers attributed to a group
QUERY_SCENE_LABEL_FOR_GROUP	0x1B	Query Scene Labels attributed to a group scene
QUERY_CONTROLLER_VERSION_NUMBER	0x1C	Query Controller Version Number
QUERY_CONTROL_GEAR_DALI_ADDRESSES	0x1D	Query Control Gear present in database
QUERY_SCENE_LEVELS_BY_ADDRESS	0x1E	Query Scene level values for a given address
QUERY_DMX_DEVICE_LABEL_BY_NUMBER	0x20	Query DMX Device for its label
QUERY_INSTANCE_GROUPS	0x21	Query group targets related to an instance
QUERY_DALI_FITTING_NUMBER	0x22	Query the fitting number for control gear and control devices
QUERY_DALI_INSTANCE_FITTING_NUMBER	0x23	Query the fitting number for an instance
QUERY_CONTROLLER_LABEL	0x24	Query the label of the controller
QUERY_CONTROLLER_FITTING_NUMBER	0x25	Query the fitting number of the controller itself
QUERY_IS_DALI_READY	0x26	Query whether DALI is ready (or has a fault)
QUERY_CONTROLLER_STARTUP_COMPLETE	0x27	Query whether the controller startup sequence has completed
QUERY_OPERATING_MODE_BY_ADDRESS	0x28	Query the operating mode for the device at the given address
OVERRIDE_DALI_BUTTON_LED_STATE	0x29	Override the button LED state on a DALI button
QUERY_LAST_KNOWN_DALI_BUTTON_LED_STATE	0x30	Query the last known button LED state on a DALI button
DALI_ADD_TPI_EVENT_FILTER	0x31	Request that filters be added for DALI TPI Events
QUERY_DALI_TPI_EVENT_FILTERS	0x32	Query DALI TPI Event filters on a address
DALI_CLEAR_TPI_EVENT_FILTERS	0x33	Request that DALI TPI Event filters be cleared
QUERY_DALI_COLOUR	0x34	Query the Colour information (RGBWAF or TC) on a DALI target
QUERY_DALI_COLOUR_FEATURES	0x35	Query the DALI colour features/capabilities on a DALI target
SET_SYSTEM_VARIABLE	0x36	Set a system variable value

Table 1 – continued from previous page

Command	Value	Description
QUERY_SYSTEM_VARIABLE	0x37	Query system variable
QUERY_DALI_COLOUR_TEMP_LIMITS	0x38	Query DALI Colour Temperature max/min and step in Kelvin
SET_TPI_EVENT_UNICAST_ADDRESS	0x40	Set a TPI Events unicast address and port
QUERY_TPI_EVENT_UNICAST_ADDRESS	0x41	Query TPI Events State, unicast address and port
DALI_INHIBIT	0xA0	Inhibit sensors from affecting a DALI target for a period of time
DALI_SCENE	0xA1	Call a DALI Scene on a address
DALI_ARC_LEVEL	0xA2	Set an Arc-Level on a address
DALI_ON_STEP_UP	0xA3	On-if-Off and Step Up on a address
DALI_STEP_DOWN_OFF	0xA4	Step Down and off-at-min on a address
DALI_UP	0xA5	Step Up on a address
DALI_DOWN	0xA6	Step Down on a address
DALI_RECALL_MAX	0xA7	Recall the max level on a address
DALI_RECALL_MIN	0xA8	Recall the min level on a address
DALI_OFF	0xA9	Set a address to Off
DALI_QUERY_LEVEL	0xAA	Query the the level on a address
DALI_QUERY_CONTROL_GEAR_STATUS	0xAB	Query the status data on a address, group or broadcast
DALI_QUERY_CG_TYPE	0xAC	Query Control Gear type data on a address
DALI_QUERY_LAST_SCENE	0xAD	Query Last heard DALI Scene
DALI_QUERY_LAST_SCENE_IS_CURRENT	0xAE	Query if the last heard DALI Scene is the current DALI scene
DALI_QUERY_MIN_LEVEL	0xAF	Query the min level for a DALI device
DALI_QUERY_MAX_LEVEL	0xB0	Query the max level for a DALI device
DALI_QUERY_FADE_RUNNING	0xB1	Query whether a fade is running on a address
DALI_ENABLE_DAPC_SEQ	0xB2	Begin a DALI DAPC sequence
VIRTUAL_INSTANCE	0xB3	Perform an action on a Virtual Instance
DALI_CUSTOM_FADE	0xB4	Call a DALI Arc Level with a custom fade-length
DALI_GO_TO_LAST_ACTIVE_LEVEL	0xB5	Command DALI addresses to go to last active level
QUERY_VIRTUAL_INSTANCES	0xB6	Query for virtual instances and their types
QUERY_DALI_INSTANCE_LABEL	0xB7	Query DALI Instance for its label
QUERY_DALI_EAN	0xB8	Query the DALI European Article Number at an address
QUERY_DALI_SERIAL	0xB9	Query the Serial Number at a address
CHANGE_PROFILE_NUMBER	0xC0	Request a Profile Change on the controller
DALI_STOP_FADE	0xC1	Request a running DALI fade be stopped.

Other Commands

Command	Frame Type	Value	Description
DALI_COLOUR	*DALI Colour*	0x0E	Set the DALI level and colour of a DALI colour light
DMX_COLOUR	*DMX Colour*	0x10	Send values to a set of DMX channels and configure fading

Examples

TPI Advanced Examples

QUERY_GROUP_LABEL

Frame Type: *Basic*

Get the label for a DALI Group. Group is expressed as 0-15, not the addressing scheme presented earlier in the document. Response data can be up to 64 bytes. Group labels are limited to this size in the cloud. If there is no label, response will REPLY_ANSWER with 0 for data length.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Command
3	0x0A	Group 0-15 (0x0A=G10)
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x0F	Checksum

Response with Label

Response data contains `Foo` as the label for Address 10.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3 - 5	0x466F6F	`Foo`
6	0x8B	Checksum

Response data for no label would be as follows.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA2	Response Type (`REPLY_NO_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA2	Checksum

QUERY_SCENE_LABEL

Frame Type: *Basic*

Get the label for DALI Scene 10. As this has no context of which group is associated, this shouldn't be used and is only left in for legacy purposes. Use *QUERY_SCENE_LABEL_FOR_GROUP*. Also note that the controller supports scenes 0-12 for user usage.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x02	Command
3	0x0A	Scene Number 0-12 (0x0A - Scene 10)
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x0C	Checksum

Response with Label

Response data contains `Foo` as the label for Scene 10.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3 - 5	0x466F6F	`Foo`
6	0x8B	Checksum

QUERY_DALI_DEVICE_LABEL

Frame Type: *Basic*

Get the label for a DALI device (control gear and control device). If the device has no label, response will be type REPLY_ERROR.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Command
3	0x0A	Address 0-63 CG, 64-127 for CD
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x0D	Checksum

Response with Label

Response data contains `Foo` as the label for device at Address 10.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3 - 5	0x466F6F	`Foo`
6	0x8B	Checksum

QUERY_PROFILE_LABEL

Frame Type: *Basic*

Get the label for the Profile given a Profile number.

Note: Profile Numbers are 2 bytes long.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x04	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	Data Mid (Upper byte if needed)
6	0x01	Data Lo (Profile ID: 0x01)
7	0x00	Checksum

Response with Label

Response data contains `Foo` as the label for Profile 1.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3 - 5	0x466F6F	`Foo`
6	0x8B	Checksum

QUERY_CURRENT_PROFILE_NUMBER

Frame Type: *Basic*

Get the current/active Profile number. Useful for providing to the *Profile Label Command*.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x05	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x01	Checksum

Response with Profile number

Response data contains 0x0001 as the number for the current active profile (Profile 1 for example).

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x02	Data Length
3	0x00	Data profile ID Hi Byte
4	0x01	Data profile ID Lo Byte
5	0xA2	Checksum

Note: Profile Ids are 2 bytes long.

TRIGGER_SDDP_IDENTIFY

Frame Type: *Basic*

Trigger a Control4 SDDP Identify command. This causes the controller to be displayed/identified clearly within Control4. If feature not paid for, will respond with ERROR_PAID_FEATURE.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x05	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x01	Checksum

Response

Just OK. No extra data.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (OK)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

QUERY_TPI_EVENT_EMIT_STATE

Frame Type: *Basic*

Get the current TPI Event multicast emitter state.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x07	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x03	Checksum

Response with boolean value

Responses return current state in the data. `0x01` indicates that TPI Events are enabled for transmit or `0x00` for disabled. Values > 1 indicate that event filtering is active. See *TPI Event Modes* for the specific modes that may be active.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (REPLY_ANSWER)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0x01	State (Enabled in this case)
4	0xA1	Checksum

DALI_ADD_TPI_EVENT_FILTER

Frame Type: *Basic*

Add DALI event filters to stop specific events from being broadcast as TPI Events. Filters are listed in *TPI Event Types*. You must specify a bitmask of events. To filter all events you can use a mask of `0xFFFF`. To filter a DALI ECD you must specify the instance number to filter on or use `0xFF` for ECGs.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x31	Command
3	0x00	Address 0
4	0xFF	Instance Number
5	0x01	Event Mask Hi
6	0x08	Event Mask Lo
7	0xCB	Checksum

Event bitmask is formed by left bit-shifting the event type number (from *TPI Event Types*) and if you want to add multiple events to the mask doing a bitwise OR on the mask. To silence `LEVEL_CHANGE_EVENT` and `COLOUR_CHANGED` events the mask can be calculated like this:

```
level_change_event = 3
colour_changed_event = 8
event_mask = (1 << colour_changed_event) | (1 << level_change_event)
```

`event_mask` is 264 which looks like 0b100001000 in binary. Notice the events marked positionally by 1's. 264 is too large to fit in a single byte so it must be split across 2 bytes. Upper byte will be 0x01 and lower byte will be 0x08.

Response

A successful addition of a filter.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (`REPLY_OK`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_CLEAR_TPI_EVENT_FILTERS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Clear DALI event filters. Events are listed in *TPI Event Types*. You must specify a bitmask of events. This examples clears `LEVEL_CHANGE_EVENT` and `COLOUR_CHANGED` events from DALI address 0. To clear all events use `0xFFFF` and all events for this address can be emitted as TPI events again.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x33	Command
3	0x00	Address
4	0xFF	Instance number
5	0x01	Event Mask Hi
6	0x08	Event Mask Lo
7	0xC9	Checksum

Note: For calculating the event mask see the note in the *DALI_ADD_TPI_EVENT_FILTER* example above.

Response

A successful clearing of a filter. Note that if no such filter exists, you will receive a `REPLY_NO_ANSWER`

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (`REPLY_OK`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

QUERY_DALI_TPI_EVENT_FILTERS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query active DALI event filters. Also returns the TPI event modes active in the first byte. ECG filters must specify an `instance number` of 0xFF, and ECDs must have their instance number specified (unless querying all events for the ECD). If address 0xFF and instance number 0xFF is specified, will return ALL active tpi events on all addresses. As the data payload can only be up to 64 bytes and there are up to 64 event filters, it may be necessary to query several times. The parameter "Result to start at" allows paging of results. For example, if you have all 64 event filters active, you will receive results 0-14 in the first response, you then specific to start at 15 and receive 15-29. To complete the set, you would request 30, 45, 60 as starting numbers or until you receive (`NO_ANSWER`) for no more active filters.

Events are listed in *TPI Event Types*.

Request

Query for all event filters associated with address 0

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x32	Command
3	0x00	Address
4	0x00	Result to start at
5	0x00	-
6	0xFF	Instance Number (all instances)
7	0x36	Checksum

Response

An 2 result event mask for the given address

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x09	Data Length
3	0x08	*TPI Event Modes Active*
4	0x02	Result 0 Address
5	0x00	Result 0 Instance Number
6	0x03	Result 0 Event mask upper byte
7	0x04	Result 0 Event mask lower byte
8	0x02	Result 1 Address
9	0x01	Result 1 Instance Number
10	0x05	Result 1 Event mask upper byte
11	0x06	Result 1 Event mask lower byte
12	0xA3	Checksum

Event filter enabled status

This 2-byte response is a 16bit event mask split across two bytes. The 16-bit value is 264.

To check if an event if flagged in an event mask you can use a bitwise AND against an event mask containing the events you want to check for. If the result is greater than 0 then the event must be present in the query result.

```
event_mask = (upper_byte << 8) | lower_byte
colour_change_event = 8
events_to_check_for = (1 << colour_change_event)

if ((events_to_check_for & event_mask) > 0):
    print("Colour change events are being filtered out.")
```

ENABLE_TPI_EVENT_EMIT

Frame Type: *Basic*

Enable or disable TPI Advanced UDP event messages. By default these event messages are sent using Multicast, however Unicast can be configured and both modes can be used at the same time if necessary.

See *SET_TPI_EVENT_UNICAST_ADDRESS* for more on how to enable Unicast mode.

Request

Use `0x01` to enable TPI Events and `0x00` in a Basic frame `Address` position to turn TPI Events on/off. By default, TPI Events will be in Multicast Mode, but not enabled. When a controller boots you must re-assert whether events should be enabled as modes and filters aren't persistent.

For more information on the Event Mode values see *TPI Event Modes*.

Tip: Consider using *QUERY_TPI_EVENT_EMIT_STATE* as a method to periodically "ping" the controller and if necessary re-assert the state depending on the response.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x08	Command
3	0x01	Enable (or 0x00 for disable). See *TPI Event Modes* for more values.
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x0D	Checksum

Response with boolean value

Responses return current state in the data. `0x01` indicates that TPI Events are enabled for transmit or `0x00` for disabled.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0x01	State (Enabled in this case). See *TPI Event Modes*.
4	0xA1	Checksum

SET_TPI_EVENT_UNICAST_ADDRESS

Frame Type: *Dynamic*

TPI Events Unicast Mode is useful if:

- Your control system can't support Multicast.

- You don't want to use Multicast on your network or have particular security concerns.

- You want to capture and process events entirely in your own system.

Typically you should configure Unicast using this command before you enable Unicast using *ENABLE_TPI_EVENT_EMIT* with an `Enable` value of `0x41` which is BITWISE_OR(0x40 | 0x01) which are the byte values for Unicast mode and TPI Events general enable.

Request

This request configures TPI Events for Unicast to be sent to `192.168.10.10` on port `8811`.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x40	Command
3	0x06	Data Length
4	0x22	Port Upper Byte
5	0x6B	Port Lower Byte
6	0xC0	IP4 Byte 0 (192.x.x.x)
7	0xA8	IP4 Byte 1 (x.168.x.x)
8	0x0A	IP4 Byte 2 (x.x.10.x)
9	0x0A	IP4 Byte 3 (x.x.x.10)
10	0x63	Checksum

Response A simple "OK" response.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (`REPLY_OK`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

QUERY_TPI_EVENT_UNICAST_ADDRESS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Returns the TPI Event emit state, Unicast Port and Unicast Address.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x41	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x45	Checksum

Response An answer that shows TPI Unicast mode enabled (and Multicast not disabled), Port 8811 and 192.168.10.10 Address configured.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x07	Data Length
3	0x41	TPI Event State flags (Unicast enabled 0x40, TPI Events enabled 0x01)
4	0x22	Port Upper Byte
5	0x6B	Port Lower Byte
6	0xC0	IP4 Byte 0 (192.x.x.x)
7	0xA8	IP4 Byte 1 (x.168.x.x)
8	0x0A	IP4 Byte 2 (x.x.10.x)
9	0x0A	IP4 Byte 3 (x.x.x.10)
10	0xCC	Checksum

QUERY_GROUP_NUMBERS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query a list of DALI Group Numbers present on the controller. Originally, this was a list of any group that a control gear present in the database is a member of. This now also contains groups that are set up in the groups section on the cloud.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x09	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x0D	Checksum

Response with Group Numbers

This response contains two Group Number values 0x07 and 0x0F. Note that this a variable sized response dependent on how many groups are mentioned on the bus.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x02	Data Length (number of groups in this case)
3	0x07	First Group
4	0x0F	Second Group
5	0xAB	Checksum

QUERY_DALI_COLOUR

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query colour information from a DALI address. This reports back the colour type (TC, RGBWAF or possibly others in the future) and the bytes that represent the values for that colour type.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x34	Command
3	0x00	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x30	Checksum

Response with Colour Data

This response contains RGBWAF data - just red. See the *Colour Type* section in the DALI Colour Frame for a list of colour modes.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x07	Data Length (varies based on Colour Mode)
3	0x80	Colour Mode *Colour Type* section in the DALI Colour Frame for a list of colour modes.
4	0xFF	R - Red Byte
5	0x00	G - Green Byte
6	0x00	B - Blue Byte
7	0x00	W - White Byte
8	0x00	A - Amber Byte
9	0x00	F - Freecolour Byte
10	0xD9	Checksum

QUERY_SCENE_NUMBERS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query a list of DALI Scene Numbers. As this has no context of which group is associated, this shouldn't be used and is only left in for legacy purposes. Use *QUERY_SCENE_NUMBERS_FOR_GROUP*

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x0A	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x0E	Checksum

Response with Scene IDs

This response contains two Scene Number values 0x07 and 0x0F. Scene Numbers are one byte long.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (REPLY_ANSWER)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x02	Data Length (number of scenes in this case)
4	0x07	First Scene
6	0x0F	Second Scene
7	0xAB	Checksum

QUERY_PROFILE_NUMBERS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query a list of Profile Numbers. Useful for providing to the *Profile Label Command*. Note: Profiles MUST be assigned to each controller on the cloud (Assignment & Logic -> Control Assignment Section).

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x0B	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x0F	Checksum

Response with Profile Numbers

This response contains two Profile Numbers values 0x07 and 0x0F. Profile Numbers are two bytes long.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x04	Data Length
3	0x00	First Profile Hi Byte
4	0x07	First Profile Lo Byte
5	0x00	Second Profile Hi Byte
6	0x0F	Second Profile Lo Byte
7	0xA2	Checksum

QUERY_OCCUPANCY_INSTANCE_TIMERS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query Occupancy Instance timers.

Request

Query an Occupancy Instance for timer values. Requires a Control Device DALI Address (64-127) and the instance number (0-31) of the occupancy sensor instance. Last detected value is the value in seconds since the last event message depicting OCCUPIED status. Only counts to 0xFF (255) seconds. It should be noted that the deadtime, hold and report times are set by the controller. Report time is set based on the quantity of occupancy sensors on the line (more occupancy sensors, longer report times).

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x0C	Command
3	0x40	Address (0x40 = CDA0)
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x01	Instance number for occupancy sensor
7	0x48	Checksum

Response with Occupancy Instance Timers

This response contains Timer data for the occupancy instance with an Number of 0x01.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x05	Data Length
3	0x05	Deadtime (5 seconds)
4	0x3C	Hold (60 seconds)
5	0x78	Report (120 seconds)
6	0x00	Last Detect Hi byte (never populated, only counts to 255 now)
7	0xFE	Last Detect Lo Byte (254 seconds ago.)
8	0xE5	Checksum

QUERY_INSTANCES_BY_ADDRESS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query a DALI address to see if it has associated Instances. Returns Instance metadata.

See also *Query DALI Addresses with Instances command* which may be a helpful command for finding targets for this command.

Request

Query DALI Address 65 to see which Instances are associated with this address.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x0D	Command
3	0x41	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x48	Checksum

Response with Instance metadata

Responses return 0 or more four byte Instance descriptions.

This example shows a single instance returned. On a reply with multiple instances associated with an address bytes 3 - 6 (4 bytes) would be repeated but with the appropriate values for each instance on the address, and would have a `Data Length` of 8.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x04	Data Length (divide by 4 to get number of Instances)
3	0x01	Instance Number
4	0x01	Instance Type. (See *Instance Types*)
5	0x00	Status Bits. (See *Instance Status & State Bitmasks*)
6	0x00	State Bits. (See *Instance Status & State Bitmasks*)
7	0xA5	Checksum

QUERY_OPERATING_MODE_BY_ADDRESS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query the DALI operating mode given an address. Operating modes are manufacturer dependant in functionality. If the device doesn't exist in the database, ERROR_UNKNOWN_TARGET will be returned.

Request

Query DALI Address 126 to see what the operating mode is.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x28	Command
3	0x7E	Address (126, control device A62)
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x52	Checksum

Response with Operating Mode

This is an example response with the default operating mode (0). If `Data` had a value of 0x64 then the operating mode would be `0x64`.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0x00	Data: Operating Mode 0
4	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_COLOUR

Frame Type: *DALI Colour*

Send a DALI Colour and Arc command. This command tells a DALI Colour device (eg. DALI Device Type 8 in IEC 62386) to go show a colour.

This is the only TPI Advanced command that doesn't require a Pro-series controller.

Request

Set a RGBWAF colour (Red) on DALI address 1.

Each channel of the colour space gets a byte after `Colour Type`. If the XY colour space is used, then the length of the entire message would be 11 bytes long.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x0E	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0xFE	Arc Level
5	0x00	Colour Type
6	0xFF	Colour Red
7	0x00	Colour Green
8	0x00	Colour Blue
9	0x00	Colour White
10	0x00	Colour Amber
11	0x00	Colour Freecolour
12	0x0A	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (`OK`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

If there is an error response type and `Data` of `0x01` then this is likely because the system was busy, so try again and it may work the next time.

DMX_COLOUR

Frame Type: *DMX Colour*

Send a DMX Colour and Fade command. This command sets up a fade task which transitions from the current values to your specified values.

See *DMX Colour Request Frame* for more information.

Request

Send a command to repeat `0xFF 0x00 0x00` from channel 1 to channel 255. A fade time of 3 seconds is set in the command. If you have RGB lights set up with their channels aligned to every 3rd address this will cause them to transition to be Red from whatever colour they currently are over the next 3 seconds. This will only occur on a single universe.

Note: Ideally DMX universes shouldn't use the full 512 channels because a smaller universe allows the DMX refresh rate to be higher than 44 Hz. Once you issue a fade task that changes values across the entire universe, you can't (currently) shrink it back down to a smaller universe.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x10	Command
3	0x01	Fade ID
4	0x00	Universe Mask Hi
5	0x01	Universe Mask Lo (Universe 1)
6	0x00	Start channel Hi
7	0x01	Start channel Lo (1)
8	0x02	Stop channel Hi
9	0x00	Stop channel Lo ((Hi << 8)	(Lo) = 512)
10	0x01	Address divisor 1 (distribute pattern value to every channel in range)
11	0x00	Block Mode - Intersection (See *DMX Channel Block Types*)
12	0x00	Personality Type - 8 Bit dimming. Default. See *DMX Personality Types*
13	0x00	Fade Time mode
14	0x00	Fade Time Hi
15	0x0B	Fade Time Mid
16	0xB8	Fade Time Lo (3000 milliseconds)
17	0x01	Fade Type A - Linear fade
18	0x00	Fade Type B - None
19	0x03	Data Length (3, for 3 channels, RGB)
20	0xFF	Red
21	0x00	Green
22	0x00	Blue
23	0x58	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (`OK`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

If there is an error response type and `Data` of `0x01` then this is likely because the system was busy, so try again and it may work the next time.

QUERY_GROUP_BY_NUMBER

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query Group information given a DALI Group Number. If there are no members of the group, the response will be (`NO_ANSWER`).

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x12	Command
3	0x01	Group Number 0-15 (0=G0, 1=G1)
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x17	Checksum

Response with Group Information

This response contains group data.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3	0x01	DALI Group Number
4	0x01	Group Occupancy Status (Boolean)
5	0xFE	Group Actual Level (254)
6	0xA2	Checksum

QUERY_SCENE_BY_NUMBER

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query Group information given a Scene Number. As this has no context of which group is associated, this shouldn't be used and is only left in for legacy purposes.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x13	Command
3	0x01	Scene Number
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x16	Checksum

Response with Scene Information

This response contains scene data.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x02	Data Length
3	0x04	DALI Scene number
4	0x02	DALI Group number (or `0xFF` for no group)
5	0xA5	Checksum

QUERY_SCENE_NUMBERS_BY_ADDRESS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query DALI Scene numbers associated with an DALI address. If a device has a level under 0xFF for a given scene, it will be listed in the response here. If the device has NO scenes, the answer will be NO_ANSWER (0xA2)

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x14	Command
3	0x0F	Address (15)
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x1F	Checksum

Response with Scene Numbers

This response contains three Scene numbers.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3	0x04	DALI Scene 4
4	0x07	DALI Scene 7
5	0x08	DALI Scene 8
6	0xA9	Checksum

QUERY_SCENE_LEVELS_BY_ADDRESS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query DALI Levels associated with an DALI address. All 16 scene values for a given control gear will be responded with. If a control gear has a value of 0xFF for the scene, it won't react (isn't part of) that scene.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x02	Seq. Num
2	0x1E	Command
3	0x02	Address (2)
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x1A	Checksum

Response with Scene Levels

This response contains all level values for the 16 dali scenes supported by a control gear.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (REPLY_ANSWER)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x10	Data Length (16 bytes)
3	0x83	DALI Scene 0 Level
4	0x89	DALI Scene 1 Level
5	0xF4	DALI Scene 2 Level
6	0xE8	DALI Scene 3 Level
7	0xB8	DALI Scene 4 Level
8	0x08	DALI Scene 5 Level
9	0x49	DALI Scene 6 Level
10	0xA3	DALI Scene 7 Level
11	0xB7	DALI Scene 8 Level
12	0x62	DALI Scene 9 Level
13	0xC3	DALI Scene 10 Level
14	0x6E	DALI Scene 11 Level
15	0x28	DALI Scene 12 Level
16	0xFF	DALI Scene 13 Level (no scene)
17	0x17	DALI Scene 14 Level
18	0xEF	DALI Scene 15 Level
19	0xA9	Checksum

QUERY_GROUP_MEMBERSHIP_BY_ADDRESS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query the groups that a control gear is a member of.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x15	Command
3	0x0F	Address (15)
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x1E	Checksum

Response with bitwise group membership

This response contains a 2 byte bitwise representation of current groups. This particular device is a member of Group 0.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (REPLY_ANSWER)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x02	Data Length
3	0x00	Bitwise Membership (Groups 8-15)
4	0x01	Bitwise Membership (Groups 0-7)
5	0xA2	Checksum

QUERY_DALI_ADDRESSES_WITH_INSTANCES

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query for DALI addresses that have instances associated with them. Due to payload restrictions, the TPI processor can't return 64 results in a single payload, therefore, a start address in `data_lo` must be specified. For example, you might typically run the command with start address 0 and then a further command with start address 60 to check for instances on the final 4 control devices.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x16	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	Start address of list to search (eg. 60)
7	0x12	Checksum

Response with DALI addresses

This response contains three addresses. You can use *QUERY_INSTANCES_BY_ADDRESS* to get the instance information associated with an address returned from this request.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3	0x41	DALI address 65
4	0x47	DALI address 71
5	0x52	DALI address 82
6	0xA4	Checksum

QUERY_DMX_DEVICE_NUMBERS

Frame Type: *Basic*

DMX Devices are virtual devices configured manually within the controller. These devices have DALI-like metadata associated with them. They have a number that corresponds with a channel number.

Consider sending multiple requests if the first/previous returns with a `Data Length` of 64. The paging value should be larger than the cumulative number of channels previously returned.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x17	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	Page Value Hi
6	0x00	Page Value Lo
7	0x13	Checksum

Response with DMX Device Numbers

This response contains two DMX Device Numbers with a length of 2 bytes each. Number of 7 for the first and Number of 2 for the second.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x04	Data Length
3	0x00	DMX Device Number 1 Hi
4	0x07	DMX Device Number 1 Lo
5	0x00	DMX Device Number 2 Hi
6	0x02	DMX Device Number 2 Lo
7	0xA0	Checksum

QUERY_DMX_DEVICE_BY_NUMBER

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query DMX Device information using a channel number.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x18	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	DMX Device Number Hi
6	0x07	DMX Device Number Lo
7	0x1C	Checksum

Response with DMX Device data

This response contains DMX Device data for DMX Channel 7.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x08	Data Length
3	0x00	DMX Channel Hi
4	0x01	DMX Channel Lo
5	0xFF	Level
6	0x00	Min Level
7	0xFF	Max Level
8	0xFF	Power On Level
9	0x00	DMX Channel Behaviours - (see *DMX Channel Behaviours*)
10	0x00	Universe number
11	0x57	Checksum

QUERY_DMX_LEVEL_BY_CHANNEL

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query DMX Channel Level (and mode) by Channel number (1-512). If the mode is `DMX_BEHAVIOUR_TRIGGER` this represents a DMX value input/received. If the mode is `DMX_BEHAVIOUR_OUTPUT` this means the controller is sending this value.

> **Warning:** A level of `0x00` can be a default value and does not necessarily mean that data has been sent or received yet. A way around this may be to wait for a TPI Event that indicates the DMX should be active.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x19	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	DMX Channel Hi
6	0x07	DMX Channel Lo
7	0x1D	Checksum

Response with DMX Device data

This response contains the level for DMX Channel 7.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x02	Data Length
3	0x00	Mode - See *DMX Channel Behaviours*
4	0xFF	Level (255)
5	0xA3	Checksum

QUERY_DMX_DEVICE_LABEL_BY_NUMBER

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query the label for a DMX Device by Channel number (1 - 512). Universe can be specified in the Data Hi byte. Responds with NO_ANSWER if label not found.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x20	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	DMX Universe
5	0x00	DMX Device Channel Number High Byte
6	0x07	DMX Device Channel Number Low Byte
7	0x24	Checksum

Response with DMX Device data

This response contains the label `Foo` for DMX Device with a channel of 7.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3 - 5	0x466F6F	`Foo`
6	0x8B	Checksum

QUERY_SCENE_NUMBERS_FOR_GROUP

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query the scenes that a group has set up on the controller. Must be a named scene on the cloud. Group number 0-15 is required, not 64-80 as used in other commands.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x1A	Command
3	0x02	Group Number (0-15)
4	0x00	Unused
5	0x00	Unused
6	0x00	Unused
7	0x1C	Checksum

Bitwise response of scenes that the group 2 is a member of

This response shows that group 2 is currently a member of scene 2 only

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x02	Data Length
3	0x00	Scene Membership (8-15)
4	0x04	Scene Membership (0-7)
5	0xA3	Checksum

QUERY_SCENE_LABEL_FOR_GROUP

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query the label for a scene and group number combination. Must be set up in the cloud. If scene doesn't exist, will receive a REPLY_NO_ANSWER

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x1B	Command
3	0x02	Group Number (0-15)
4	0x02	Scene Number (0-12)
5	0x00	Unused
6	0x00	Unused
7	0x1F	Checksum

Response of group string

This response contains the label `Foo` for the scene 2 group 2. Note that as with all label answers, the answer is size dependent on the string length.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3 - 5	0x466F6F	`Foo`
6	0x8B	Checksum

QUERY_CONTROLLER_VERSION_NUMBER

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query the 3 byte version number of the controller.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x1C	Command
3	0x00	Unused
4	0x00	Unused
5	0x00	Unused
6	0x00	Unused
7	0x18	Checksum

Response of controller version

This response shows that the controller is v1.6.255

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3	0x01	Major Version
4	0x06	Minor Version
5	0xFF	Minor Minor Version
6	0x5A	Checksum

QUERY_CONTROL_GEAR_DALI_ADDRESSES

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query the control gear addresses present in the database

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x1D	Command
3	0x00	Unused
4	0x00	Unused
5	0x00	Unused
6	0x00	Unused
7	0x19	Checksum

Bitwise response of control gear present in database

This response shows address 0-9 are present on the controller

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x08	Data Length
3	0xFF	Bitwise Present (CG A0-7)
4	0x03	Bitwise Present (CG A8-15)
5	0x00	Bitwise Present (CG A16-23)
6	0x00	Bitwise Present (CG A24-31)
7	0x00	Bitwise Present (CG A32-39)
8	0x00	Bitwise Present (CG A40-47)
9	0x00	Bitwise Present (CG A48-55)
10	0x00	Bitwise Present (CG A56-63)
11	0x55	Checksum

DALI_INHIBIT

Frame Type: *Basic*

Inhibit sensors from changing DALI address 7 for 180 seconds.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xA0	Command
3	0x07	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	Time Hi
6	0xB4	Time Lo
7	0x17	Checksum

Response

Just OK. No extra data.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (OK)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_SCENE

Frame Type: *Basic*

Call a DALI Scene on an address. Use `0xFF` to broadcast the scene across all addresses. Most likely you just want to call a scene on a particular group by adding 64 to the group number for `Address`.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xA1	Command
3	0xFF	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x01	Scene number
7	0x5B	Checksum

Response

Just OK. No extra data.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (OK)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_ARC_LEVEL

Frame Type: *Basic*

Call a DALI Level on an address. Levels can be called on groups by adding 64 to the group number.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xA2	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x7F	level (127)
7	0xD8	Checksum

Response

Just OK. No extra data.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (OK)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_ON_STEP_UP

Frame Type: *Basic*

Call a DALI On and Step Up on an address. If a device is off, it will turn it on. If a device is on, it will step up.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xA3	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xA6	Checksum

Response

Just OK. No extra data.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (OK)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_STEP_DOWN_OFF

Frame Type: *Basic*

Call a DALI Down and Off on an address. If a device is at min, it will turn off. If a device isn't yet at min, it will step down.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xA4	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xA1	Checksum

Response

Just OK. No extra data.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (OK)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_UP

Frame Type: *Basic*

Call a DALI Up on an address.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xA5	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xA0	Checksum

Response

Just OK. No extra data.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (OK)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_DOWN

Frame Type: *Basic*

Call a DALI Down on an address.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xA6	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xA3	Checksum

Response

Just OK. No extra data.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (OK)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_RECALL_MAX

Frame Type: *Basic*

Call a DALI Recall Max on an address.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xA7	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xA2	Checksum

Response

Just OK. No extra data.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (OK)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_RECALL_MIN

Frame Type: *Basic*

Call a DALI Recall Min on an address.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xA8	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xAD	Checksum

Response

Just OK. No extra data.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (`OK`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_OFF

Frame Type: *Basic*

Call a DALI Off on an address.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xA9	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xAC	Checksum

Response

Just OK. No extra data.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (`OK`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_QUERY_LEVEL

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query the Arc Level for a DALI address. Dali level can be 0-254. The additional value of 255 represents as mixed levels. If the address doesn't exist in the database (or the group has no devices) the response will be 0. This is to bias any resulting decision to send commands to this unknown target as turning the light ON.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xAA	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xAF	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0xFE	Level (254)
4	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_QUERY_CONTROL_GEAR_STATUS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query the Status for control gear addresses 0-63. Note that 64-80 can be used for groups 0-15 and will produce a set bit if ANY of the group members have the bit set. Similarly, 81 can be used for broadcast status but this is only supported as of 1.9.180.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xAB	Command
3	0x01	Address (0 - 63 for CG0 - 63, 64 - 80 for G0-15, 81 - Broadcast)
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xAC	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0x04	Status (See *DALI Status Masks*)
4	0xA4	Checksum

DALI_QUERY_CG_TYPE

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query control gear device type information for a DALI address 0-63. Doesn't work for groups or broadcast target. If the device doesn't exist, will return all zero.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xAC	Command
3	0x01	Address (0-63)
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	eDALI Byte
7	0xA9	Checksum

Response

Response data is 4 bytes/32 bits long in little endian format. In the example, the CG would have device type 0 (FLOURES-CENT) and 8 (COLOUR CONTROL)

> **Warning:** Some programming languages/runtimes (`luajit` for example) do not reliably perform bitwise operations on numbers >24bits due to using floating point numbers for all numbers. Bitwise operations risk overwriting the sign and exponent information. You may run into these issues when attempting to deal with this result as a single 32bit integer.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x04	Data Length
3	0x01	CG Device Type 0-7 membership
4	0x01	CG Device Type 8-15 membership
5	0x00	CG Device Type 16-23 membership
6	0x00	CG Device Type 24-31 membership
7	0xA5	Checksum

DALI_QUERY_LAST_SCENE

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query the last heard Scene for an address. Note that any changes to a single dali device that are done through group or broadcast scene commands do change the last heard scene for the dali address of the single device too. For example, if A10 is member of G0 and we sent a scene command to G0, A10 will show the same last heard scene as G0 (64).

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xAD	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xA8	Checksum

Response with Scene Number

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0x07	Last Heard Scene Number
4	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_QUERY_LAST_SCENE_IS_CURRENT

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query if the last heard scene is the current active scene.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xAE	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xAB	Checksum

Response with Boolean

`0x01` indicates the True condition - the last heard scene is the currently active scene. `0x00` indicates the False condition, which is likely caused by an Arc Level or being issued to the address after the last Scene command.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0x01	Last Heard Scene is Current Scene (boolean)
4	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_QUERY_MIN_LEVEL

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query Minimum Level for an Address.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xAF	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xAA	Checksum

Response with Minimum Level

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0x01	Min Level (1)
4	0xA1	Checksum

DALI_QUERY_MAX_LEVEL

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query Maximum Level for an Address.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xB0	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xB5	Checksum

Response with Maximum Level

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0xFE	Max Level (254)
4	0x5E	Checksum

DALI_QUERY_FADE_RUNNING

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query Fade running on an address.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xB1	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xB4	Checksum

Response with Boolean

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0x00	Fade is running (False)
4	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_ENABLE_DAPC_SEQ

Frame Type: *Basic*

Begin a DALI Direct Arc Power Control (DAPC) Sequence.

DAPC allows overriding of the fade rate. This allows levels to be immediately set. A DAPC sequence will be continued for 250 milliseconds. If no Arc-levels are received for 250 milliseconds then the DAPC sequence ends and fade rates will apply again.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xB2	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xB7	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA2	Response Type (NO ANSWER)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA2	Checksum

QUERY_DALI_EAN

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query for a Control Device or Control Gear European Article Number (EAN) also known as a GTIN.

It's important to note that for Control Devices, `Address` must be offset by `+ 64`. For Control Gear the normal address between 0 and 63 is used.

Request

This is a request for the control gear EAN at DALI address 1.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xB8	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xBD	Checksum

Response with EAN

Example contains the EAN for the product described as a zencontrol Wireless PIR sensor with relay and 2 inputs. This data converted to an decimal integer is `6971103532931`.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x06	Data Length (always 6 for EAN)
3	0x65	-
4	0x71	-
5	0x62	-
6	0x65	-
7	0x78	-
8	0x03	-
9	0xCE	Checksum

QUERY_DALI_SERIAL

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query for a Control Device or Control Gear serial number.

It's important to note that for Control Devices, `Address` must be offset by `+ 64`. For Control Gear the normal address between 0 and 63 is used.

Request

This is a request for the control gear serial number at DALI address 1. Dali serial numbers are 8 bytes in size.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xB9	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xBC	Checksum

Response with Serial Number

Example contains the serial number for the Control Gear with DALI address 1. The example shows a serial number of 0x12345678912345 or 5124095575401285

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x08	Data Length (always 8 for serial number)
3	0x12	MSB Serial Number
4	0x34	-
5	0x56	-
6	0x78	-
7	0x91	-
8	0x23	-
9	0x34	-
10	0x45	LSB Serial Number
11	0x27	Checksum

QUERY_VIRTUAL_INSTANCES

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query Virtual Instances and their types.

Virtual Instances / Virtual Switches are a paid addon. See *Licenses* for more information.

Request

Query to see the virtual instances on this controller. If there are no instances, response will be `NO_ANSWER`. A paging value of the number of instances already received can go in `data_mid` and `data_lo` bytes, though this is unlikely to be needed as no controller currently implements so many virtual instances that it would be necessary.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xB6	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	Paging value Hi
6	0x00	Paging value Lo
7	0xB2	Checksum

Response with Virtual Instance metadata

Responses return 0 or more 2 byte Virtual Instance descriptions.

This example shows a single instance returned. Multiple instances will result in a `Data Length` that will be a multiple of 2 and the fields will repeat in a predictable pattern.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x02	Data Length (divide by 2 to get number of Instances)
3	0x00	Virtual Instance Number
4	0x01	Instance Type. (See *Instance Types*)
5	0xA3	Checksum

VIRTUAL_INSTANCE

Frame Type: *Basic*

Trigger a binary action on a Virtual Instance given a virtual instance number and an action.

Virtual Instances / Virtual Switches are a paid addon. See *Licenses* for more information.

If the instance doesn't exist, response will be ERROR with INVALID_ARGS.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xB3	Command
3	0x01	Virtual Instance number
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x01	Instance Action - See *Instance Binary States*
7	0xB6	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (OK)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_CUSTOM_FADE

Frame Type: *Basic*

Run a fade to a level on a DALI address with a custom fade time in seconds. If target is a group or broadcast target, the member devices in the target MUST have the same arc value or unexpected results will occur. If a lighting command is sent to the same target, the custom fade will be stopped.

Whilst this feature could theoretically handle constituent targets at different levels, it must be respected that any difference in arc levels on members of a target means that the fade has to be split into up to 64 parallel fades, which isn't easy for dali to be able to service. If you require different levels, dali provides the SCENE concept, which allows you to call a scene, where each device has a stored arc level to internally conduct a fade to.

Request

Fade to level 0 over 10 seconds.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xB4	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	Target Level
5	0x00	Seconds Hi Byte
6	0x0A	Seconds Lo Byte (10 Seconds)
7	0xB1	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (OK)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

DALI_GO_TO_LAST_ACTIVE_LEVEL

Frame Type: *Basic*

Command a DALI Address to go to its "Last Active" level

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xB5	Command
3	0x01	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xB0	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (OK)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

QUERY_DALI_INSTANCE_LABEL

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query the Label for a DALI Instance given a Control Device and an Instance Number.

Request

Query the label for control device address 1 (65 or 0x41), instance 1 (second instance)

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xB7	Command
3	0x41	Control Device Address (64-127 CD0-64)
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x01	Instance number (0-31)
7	0xF2	Checksum

Response with Label

A label of `Foo` is returned.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (REPLY_ANSWER)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3 - 5	0x466F6F	`Foo`
6	0x8B	Checksum

CHANGE_PROFILE_NUMBER

Frame Type: *Basic*

Request a profile change on the controller. A profile change may not always be successful due as some profiles can't override others. Eg. an Emergency profile can't be overridden by a regular scheduled profile.

Profile numbers are unique across sites, and are up to two-bytes long.

A profile number of `0xFFFF` will request a profile change to the profile determined by the schedule.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xC0	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	Profile Number Hi
6	0xD1	Profile Number Lo
7	0x15	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (`REPLY_OK`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

A failure to schedule will reply with a response type of `REPLY_ERROR` and `ERROR_CMD_REFUSED` as data.

QUERY_INSTANCE_GROUPS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Request Group targets associated with an instance. There are always 3 replies to any valid instance.

1. Primary
2. First
3. Second

The Primary group typically represents where the physical device resides.

A group number of `0xFF` (255) indicates that no group has been configured.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x21	Command
3	0x64	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x01	Data Lo: Instance Number
7	0x40	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3	0x01	Primary Group
4	0x02	First Group
5	0xFF	Second Group
6	0x5E	Checksum

The Second group has a value of 0xFF, therefore should be ignored.

QUERY_DALI_FITTING_NUMBER

Frame Type: *Basic*

Request the fitting number string (eg. `1.2`) for control gear and control devices. Note: Doesn't check for validity. If device isn't named or doesn't exist, you get a default identifier of Controller ID.Dali Address for control gear and Contoller ID.Dali address + 100 for control devices.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x22	Command
3	0x01	Address (0-63 CG, 64-127 CD)
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x27	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3	0x31	Data
4	0x2E	Data
5	0x32	Data
6	0xBD	Checksum

The fitting number returned is a string of `1.2`.

QUERY_DALI_INSTANCE_FITTING_NUMBER

Frame Type: *Basic*

Request the fitting number string (eg. `1.2.0`) for an instance.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x23	Command
3	0x99	Address (64-127 for CDA0-A64)
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x01	Instance number (0-31)
7	0xBF	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3	0x31	Data
4	0x2E	Data
5	0x32	Data
6	0x8D	Checksum

The fitting number returned is a string of `1.2`.

QUERY_CONTROLLER_LABEL

Frame Type: *Basic*

Request the label for the controller.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x24	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x20	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x03	Data Length
3	0x44	Data
4	0x6F	Data
5	0x67	Data
6	0xEE	Checksum

The controller returns a label of `Dog`.

QUERY_CONTROLLER_FITTING_NUMBER

Frame Type: *Basic*

Request the fitting number string (eg. 90) for the controller itself. This should be the same as the first segment of a Control Device/Control Gear fitting number.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x25	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x21	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (REPLY_ANSWER)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0x31	Data
4	0x91	Checksum

The fitting number returned is a string of 1.

QUERY_IS_DALI_READY

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query whether the DALI line is ready, or has a fault. Will reply REPLY_OK if DALI ready, or an error otherwise.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x26	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x22	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA3	Response Type (REPLY_ERROR)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0x00	Data (ERROR_SHORT_CIRCUIT)
4	0xA2	Checksum

The response indicates DALI isn't ready because the Response Type isn't 0xA0/REPLY_OK.

QUERY_CONTROLLER_STARTUP_COMPLETE

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query whether the controller has finish its startup sequence. Will reply `REPLY_OK` if ready, or `REPLY_NO_ANSWER` otherwise. Waiting for the startup sequence to complete is particularly important if you wish to perform queries about DALI. The more devices on a DALI line the longer startup will take to complete. The startup sequence performs DALI queries such as device type, current arc-level, GTIN, serial number, etc. For a line with only a handful of devices expect it to take approximately 1 minute.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x27	Command
3	0x00	-
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x23	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (`REPLY_OK`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

This response indicates that the startup sequence has completed.

OVERRIDE_DALI_BUTTON_LED_STATE

Frame Type: *Basic*

Override the current DALI push button LED state. The LED is targeted using the associated button DALI address and instance number. The desired LED state (eg. On or Off) is an *Instance Binary State*.

Request

Set/Override the LED for button at DALI address 112 on Instance Number 1 to On (instance binary state On is `0x02`).

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x29	Command
3	0x70	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x02	Instance Binary State
6	0x01	Instance Number
7	0x5E	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (`REPLY_OK`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

This response indicates that an override command was issued.

QUERY_LAST_KNOWN_DALI_BUTTON_LED_STATE

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query the last known DALI push button LED state. The LED is targeted using the associated button DALI address and instance number. It should be noted that this will only work for led modes where the controller or a TPI caller is managing the LED state. In many cases, the control device itself can manage its own led. The LED state returned (eg. On, Off or Unknown) is an *Instance Binary State*.

Note: The "last known" LED state may not be the actual physical LED state. To help confirm actual LED state you can query the state of DALI devices that may indicate what the LED state **should** be.

Request

Query LED for button at DALI address 112 (Control Device Address 48) on Instance Number 1 (the second instance of this device).

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x30	Command
3	0x70	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x01	Instance Number
7	0x44	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0x01	LED state is *Off*
4	0xA0	Checksum

This response indicates that the LED state is Off.

DALI_STOP_FADE

Frame Type: *Basic*

Sends a DALI STOP FADE dali command to an address/group/broadcast (DAPC level 0xFF). Dali STOP FADE will stop any direct arc or scene fades current on the device.

This command is also able to stop custom/emulated DALI fades from the DALI_CUSTOM_FADE command but the target must be the same target as the CUSTOM_FADE was instigated for. For example, it isn't possible stop a CUSTOM_FADE on a single address which is fading as part of a CUSTOM_FADE, instigated via a group or broadcast target. This would require subtracting the target from fade and changing to fading individual devices. If you have a group of 20 devices and you instruct the system to subtract one, each direct arc command must now be sent out 19 times (to individual devices). This would likely produced significant degradation in the fade.

Request

Stop the custom fade on Address 0.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0xC1	Command
3	0x00	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0xC5	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (`REPLY_OK`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

QUERY_DALI_COLOUR_FEATURES

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query DALI Colour Features. Features can also be described as capabilities. The byte returned indicates the colour types that the light is capable of using (eg. tuneable white, RGBWAF, PRIMARY_N) and the channel count and number of primaries.

Request

Query a DALI Control Gear with type `COLOUR_CONTROL` on Address 0.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x35	Command
3	0x00	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x31	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x01	Data Length
3	0x83	Data
3	0xA0	Checksum

The response of `0x83` can be represented as `0b10000011`. Reading from right to left it can be decoded as the following:

Bits	Position Index	Description
1	0	This light is capable of CIE 1931 XY Coordinates.
1	1	This light is capable of colour temperature (Kelvin) for tuneable white.
000	2 to 4	0b000 is decimal 0. This light has no primaries.
100	5 to 7	0b100 is decimal 4. This light has 4 channels in RGBWAF mode (so it's a RGBW light).

Note: Some lights may only support tuneable white and no other colour capabilities. Accepting CIE1931 XY does mean it necessarily has full-colour support as colour temperature can also be expressed using XY. If a light supports RGBWAF channels it's reasonable to assume it supports full-colour.

QUERY_DALI_COLOUR_TEMP_LIMITS

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query DALI Colour Temperature maximum, minimum and step value in Kelvin. Both the Physical limits and the configured limits are returned.

Request

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x38	Command
3	0x00	Address
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x3C	Checksum

Response

The response contains a physical warmest of 1000K, physical coolest of 6000K, configured warmest of 2000K, configured coolest of 6000K and a step value of 500K.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x0A	Data Length
3	0x03	Physical Warmest Upper Byte
4	0xE8	Physical Warmest Lower Byte
5	0x17	Physical Coolest Upper Byte
6	0x70	Physical Coolest Lower Byte
7	0x07	Soft Warmest Upper Byte
8	0xD0	Soft Warmest Lower Byte
9	0x17	Soft Coolest Upper Byte
10	0x70	Soft Coolest Lower Byte
11	0x01	Step Value Upper Byte
12	0xF4	Step Value Lower Byte
13	0x62	Checksum

SET_SYSTEM_VARIABLE

Frame Type: *Basic*

Set a system variable. There are 48 system variables (local to the controller) and the variable number can be identified on the cloud.

Request

Set system variable 3 to 0xFFFE. The variable number goes in the `address` byte and the value to set is split across `data_mid` and `data_lo`.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x36	Command
3	0x03	Variable Number
4	0x00	-
5	0xFF	Data Mid (Upper byte)
6	0xFE	Data Lo (Lower byte)
7	0xCE	Checksum

Response

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA0	Response Type (`REPLY_OK`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x00	Data Length
3	0xA0	Checksum

QUERY_SYSTEM_VARIABLE

Frame Type: *Basic*

Query a system variable. There are 48 system variables (local to the controller) and the variable number can be identified on the cloud.

Request

Query system variable 3.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0x04	Start Byte TPI Advanced
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x37	Command
3	0x03	Variable Number
4	0x00	-
5	0x00	-
6	0x00	-
7	0x30	Checksum

Response

The result of the query to system variable 3 is 0xFFFE.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0	0xA1	Response Type (`REPLY_ANSWER`)
1	0x00	Seq. Num
2	0x02	Data Length
3	0xFF	Data (Hi byte)
4	0xFE	Data (Lo byte)
5	0x5C	Checksum

EVENT_BUTTON_PRESS

Frame Type: *TPI Events Frame*

A button press event broadcast over UDP.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0 - 1	0x5A43	Literally capitals 'ZC'.
2 - 7	0x7CBACC2F402E	MAC Address
8 - 9	0x007B	Target - Control Device DALI Address 59 (+64 for Control devices)
10	0x00	Event Type - Button press. See *TPI Event Types* for more values.
11	0x01	Data Length
12	0x05	(Data) 1st byte - Instance number. Useful for identifying the exact button on a keypad.
13	0x6D	Checksum

EVENT_OCCUPANCY_DETECTION

Frame Type: *TPI Events Frame*

An occupancy event broadcast over UDP

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0 - 1	0x5A43	Literally capitals 'ZC'.
2 - 7	0x7CBACC2F402E	MAC Address
8 - 9	0x007B	Target - Control Device DALI Address 59 (+64 for Control devices)
10	0x06	Event Type - Occupancy detected. See *TPI Event Types* for more values.
11	0x02	Data Length
12	0x05	(Data) 1st byte - Instance number. Useful for identifying the exact sensor
13	0x01	(Data) 2nd byte - Unneeded data
14	0x6D	Checksum

COLOUR_CHANGE_EVENT

Frame Type: *TPI Events Frame*

Keep in mind, there are multiple types of colour data such as Colour Temperature (in Kelvin) and CIE 1931 XY coordinates. If a fixture is just RGB or RGBW (and not RGBWAF) then the data length will be equal to the number of channels + 1.

A DALI RGBWAF colour change event on DALI target 59.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0 - 1	0x5A43	Literally capitals 'ZC'.
2 - 7	0x7CBACC2F402E	MAC Address
8 - 9	0x003B	Target - DALI Address (59)
10	0x08	Event Type - Colour Change. See *TPI Event Types* for more values.
11	0x07	Data Length
12	0x80	(Data) DALI RGBWAF Colour Mode *Colour Type* section in the DALI Colour Frame for a list of colour modes.
13	0xFF	R - Red Byte
14	0x00	G - Green Byte
15	0x00	B - Blue Byte
16	0x00	W - White Byte
17	0x00	A - Amber Byte
18	0x00	F - Freecolour Byte
19	0x19	Checksum

A Colour Temperature change event on DALI target 59.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0 - 1	0x5A43	Literally capitals 'ZC'.
2 - 7	0x7CBACC2F402E	MAC Address
8 - 9	0x003B	Target - DALI Address (59)
10	0x08	Event Type - Colour Change. See *TPI Event Types* for more values.
11	0x03	Data Length
12	0x20	(Data) Colour Mode TC *Colour Type* section in the DALI Colour Frame for a list of colour modes.
13	0xFF	Kelvin - Hi Byte
14	0x00	Kelvin - Lo Byte
15	0xBD	Checksum

DALI_LEVEL_CHANGE_EVENT and DALI_GROUP_LEVEL_CHANGE_EVENT

A DALI Level change event on DALI target 59. For a GROUP_LEVEL_CHANGE_EVENT the event type will be different (`0x04`) and the target will be a group number. The payload data (DALI Level) will be the same.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0 - 1	0x5A43	Literally capitals 'ZC'.
2 - 7	0x7CBACC2F402E	MAC Address
8 - 9	0x003B	Target - Actual DALI Address (59)
10	0x03	Event Type - DALI Single Target Level Change. See *TPI Event Types* for more values.
11	0x01	Data Length
12	0xFE	(Data) DALI Level
13	0x95	Checksum

CONTROLLER_PROFILE_CHANGE_EVENT

When a controller profile changes (eg. After Hours) an event will be emitted. This shows a profile change to Profile 15.

Byte Index	Byte Value	Description
0 - 1	0x5A43	Literally capitals 'ZC'.
2 - 7	0x7CBACC2F402E	MAC Address
8 - 9	0x0000	Target / Unused for Profile Change
10	0x09	Event Type - Profile Event Change. See *TPI Event Types* for more values.
11	0x02	Data Length
12	0x00	(Data) Profile Hi Byte
13	0x0F	Profile Lo Byte
14	0x59	Checksum